

Update from J-PARC Slow Extraction

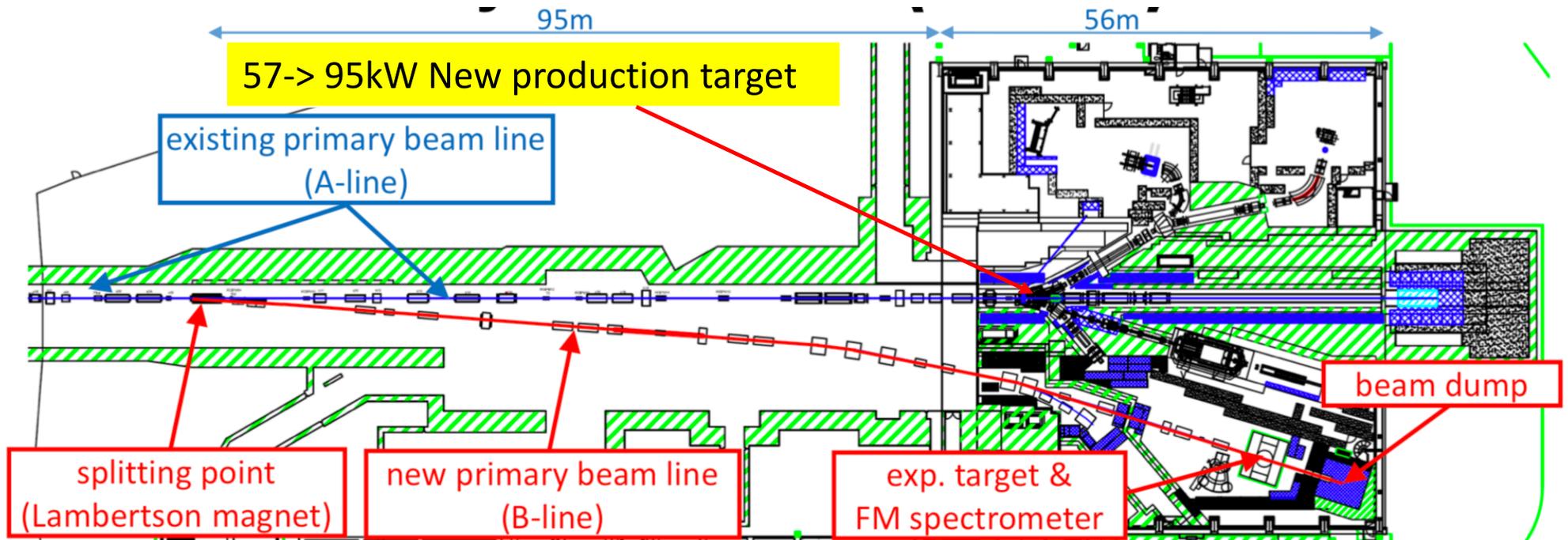
2020.11.16 US-JAPAN CM (remote by ZOOM)

M. Tomizawa

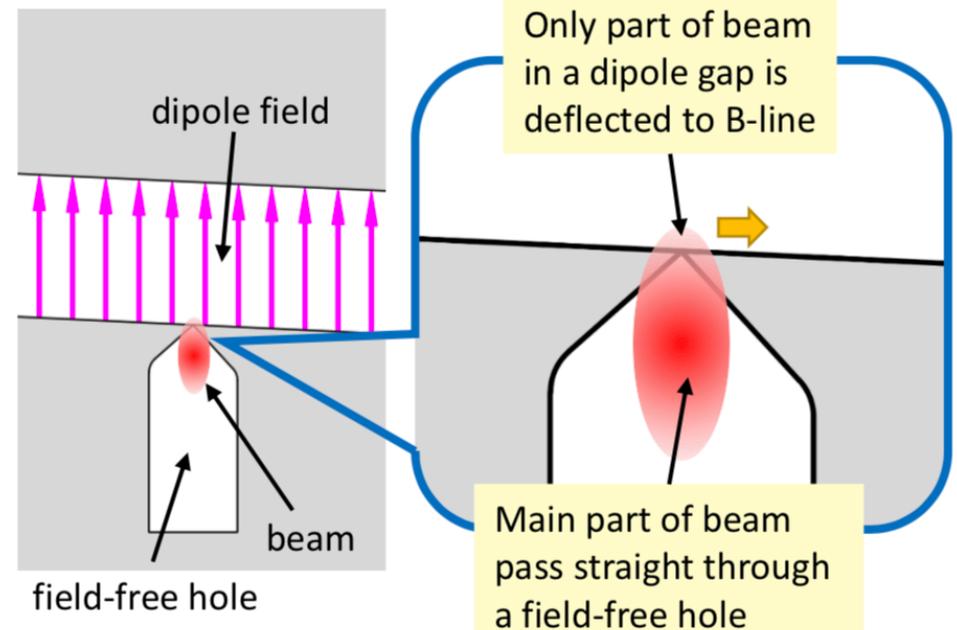
- Last SX RUN Report
- Next SX RUN Plans

New Target (A-line) and new beam line (B-line)

J-PARC PAC, H. Takahashi



Cross section of Lambertson magnet poles



- Part of primary proton beam is split from existing primary beam line (A-line) and is directly used for user experiments.
- Max intensity: 2.6×10^{10} protons/spill (24W equivalent)
- Beam splitting is made with Lambertson magnet.

Beam intensity in B-line is very sensitive to main beam halo!

Last SX Operation Summary (RUN84, 85)

2020.4.13-4.14 Abort Dump mode Tuning
2020.5.19 Abort Dump mode Tuning
2020.5.23 SX Start
2020.5.29 50kW SX user operation start

2020.6.25 50kW SX operation finished

- The scheduled 50kW SX operation has completed (efficiency 99.45%, Spill duty 50-55%).
- The SX beam has been successfully delivered to A and B beam lines at the same time.

ESS2 had a dark current 10-15 μ A and small vacuum pressure spikes at nominal 104.4kV before RUN84.

-> RUN84,85

ESS1 (Ti ESS) 70kV -> 104.4 kV

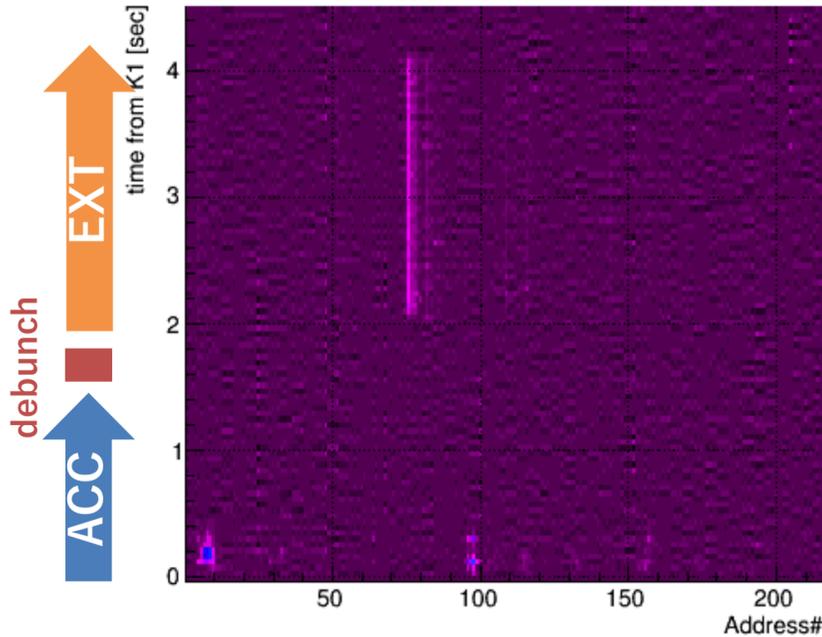
ESS2 (SUS ESS) 104.4kV->75kV

At the beginning of the RUN, frequent sparks in ESS1 were seen, however they gradually decreased in frequency with the beam operation increasing the beam intensity several steps.

Instability during debunch process for SX

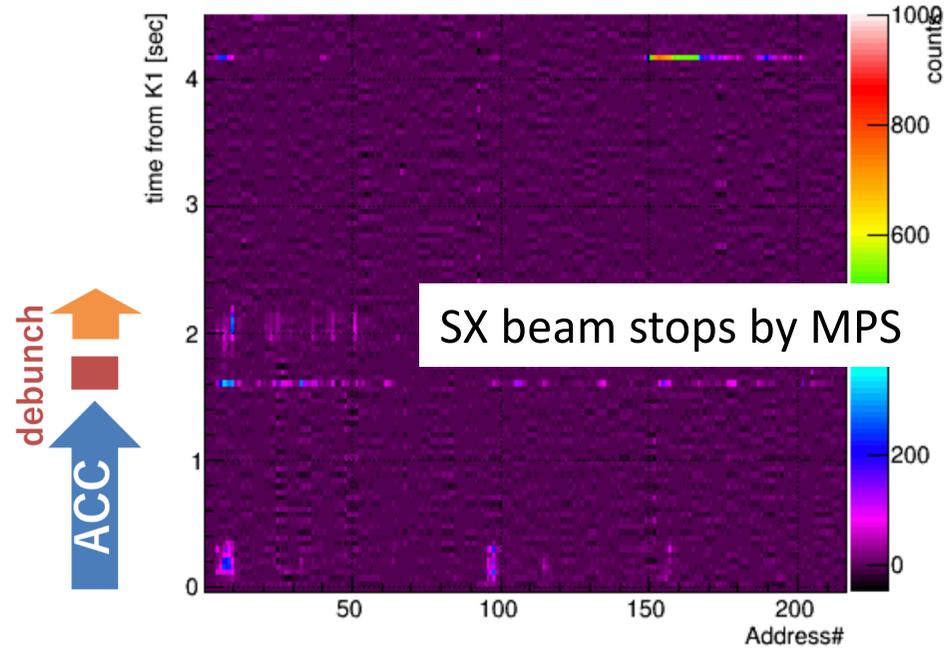
Normal shot

2020 May 28 18:59:33 - Run 85 Shot 12063



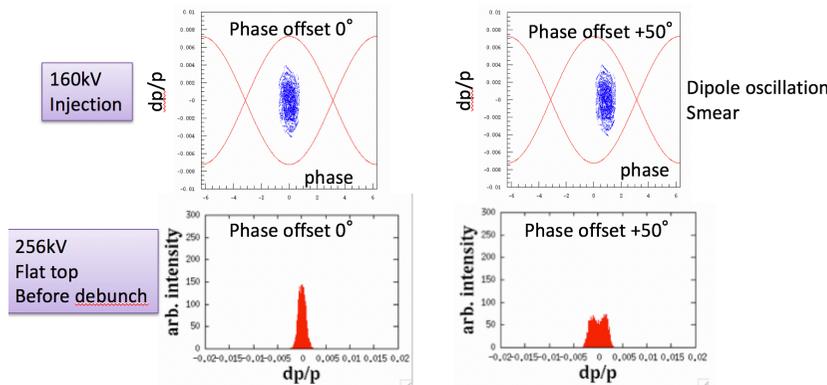
With instability at debunch timing

2020 Jun 02 01:34:06 - Run 85 Shot 48670



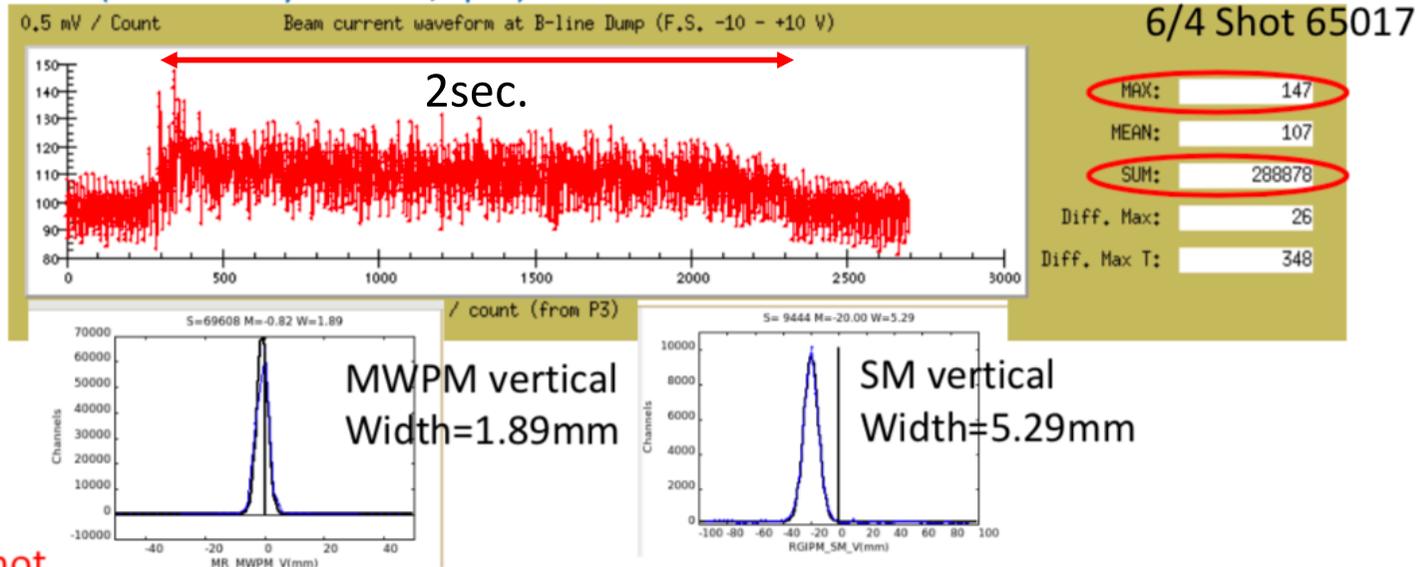
Mitigation:
RF Phase offset Injection
to the RF buckets

V or/and H Coherent Oscillation
Electron cloud observed

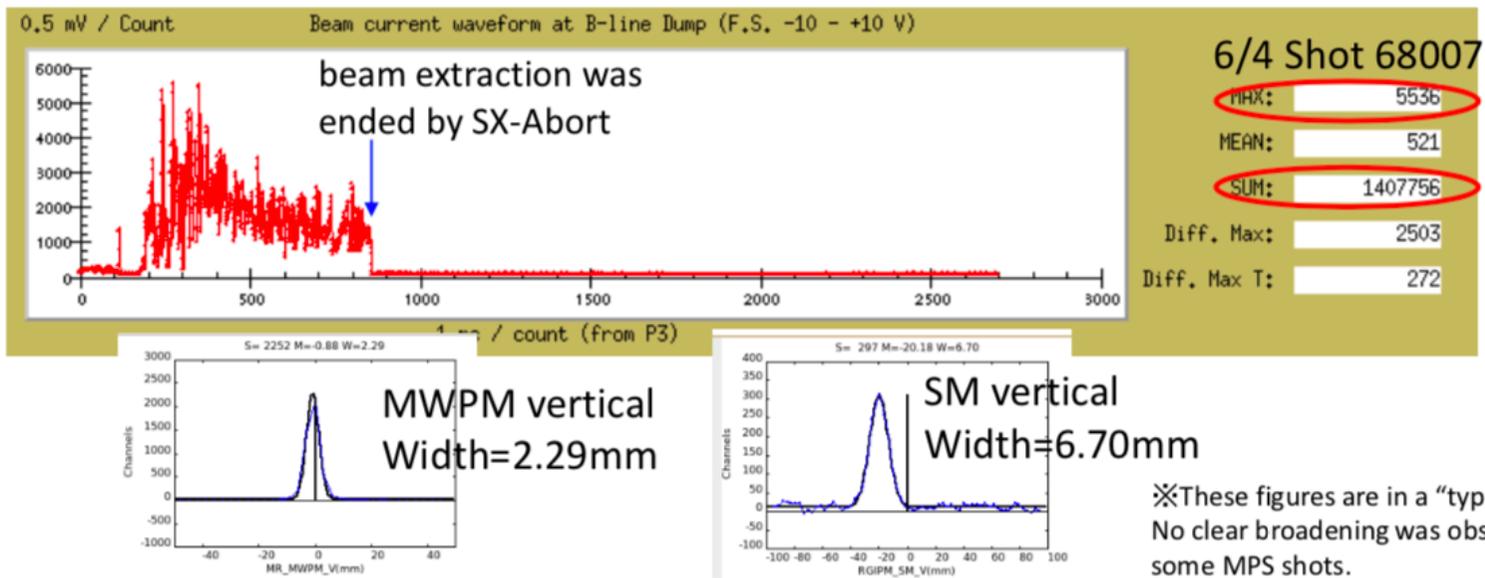


MPS due to a large amount of beam extraction to B-line

normal shot (B-intensity: 1×10^8 /spill)

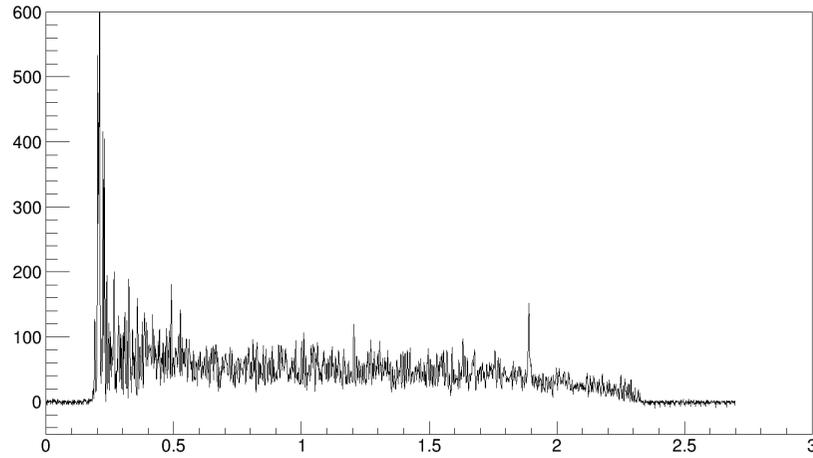


MPS shot

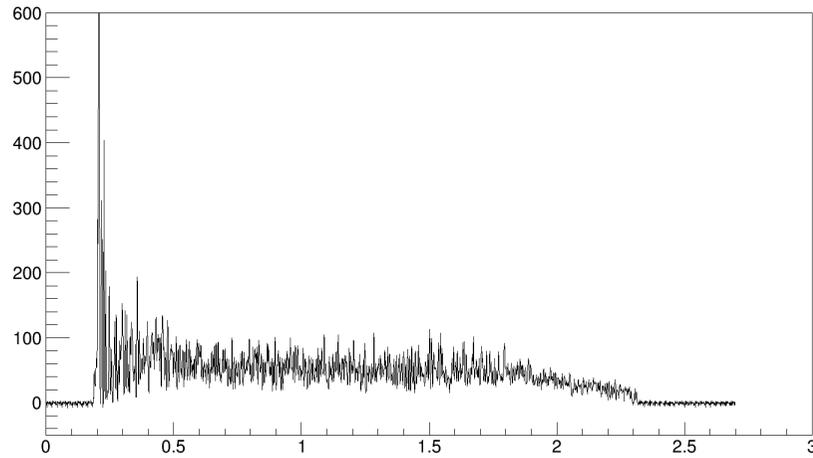


The beam intensity in B-Line is very sensitive to the Instability
 Those events have any problem in A-Line only operation mode
 Mitigated by RF phase offset injection 60deg -> 65deg

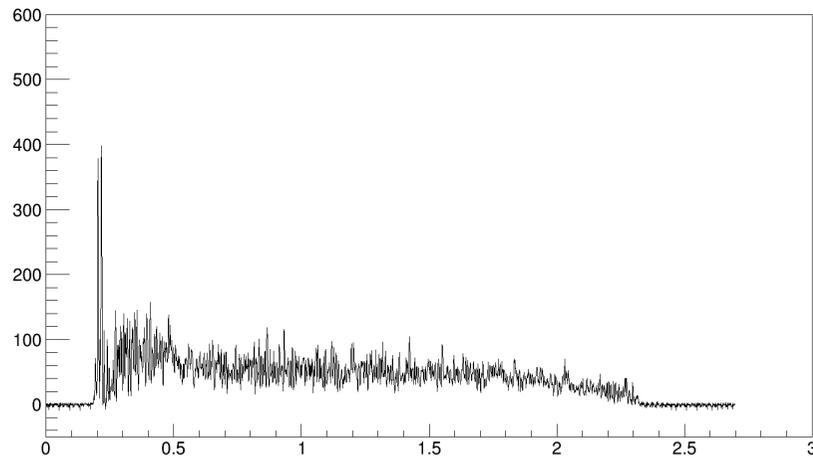
gr 245421 2020-06-19 20:17:52.1752529



gr 245651 2020-06-19 20:37:48.1753249



gr 245701 2020-06-19 20:42:08.1751959

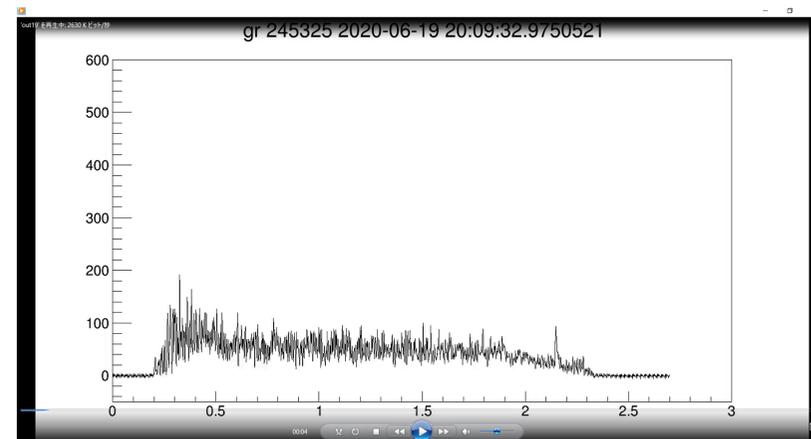


B-Line Spill Spikes

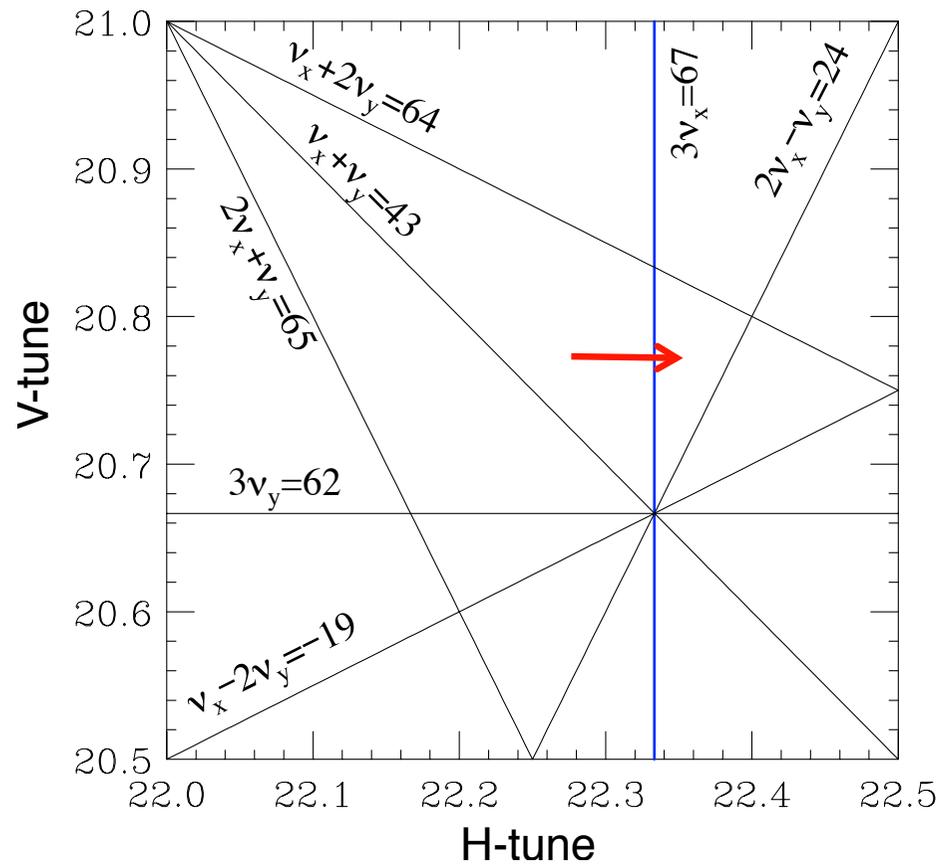
at the beginning of spills
did not induce B-line MPS,
But have a potential to give
a damage to detectors

Actual shot number: 245420, 245650, 245700

Good case



B-Line Spill Spikes



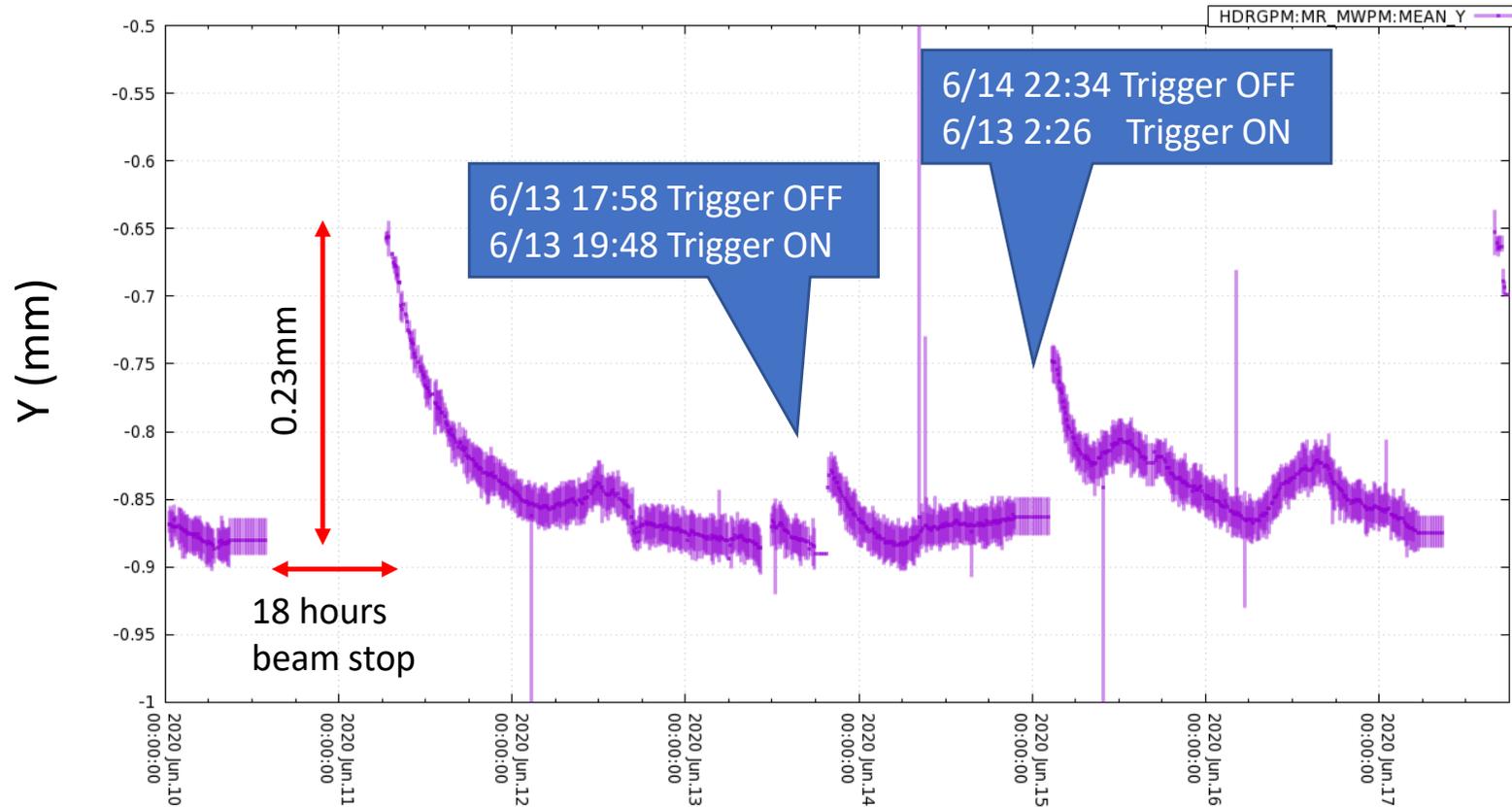
© Mechanism $Q_x + Q_y = 43$ effect

The beam with a large H-amplitude can have a large V-amplitude.

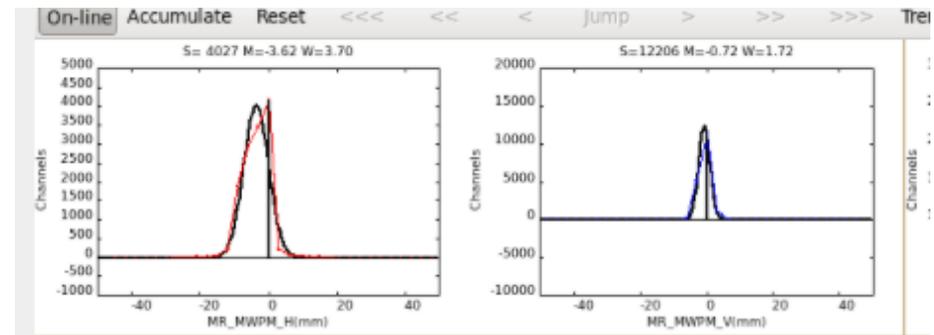
© Mitigations

- Q_y , (Q_x) optimized avoiding the resonance in whole acceleration pattern
- Further resonance correction by four Skew Q magnets

Vertical main beam position drift at MWPM (MR exit to HD beam line)

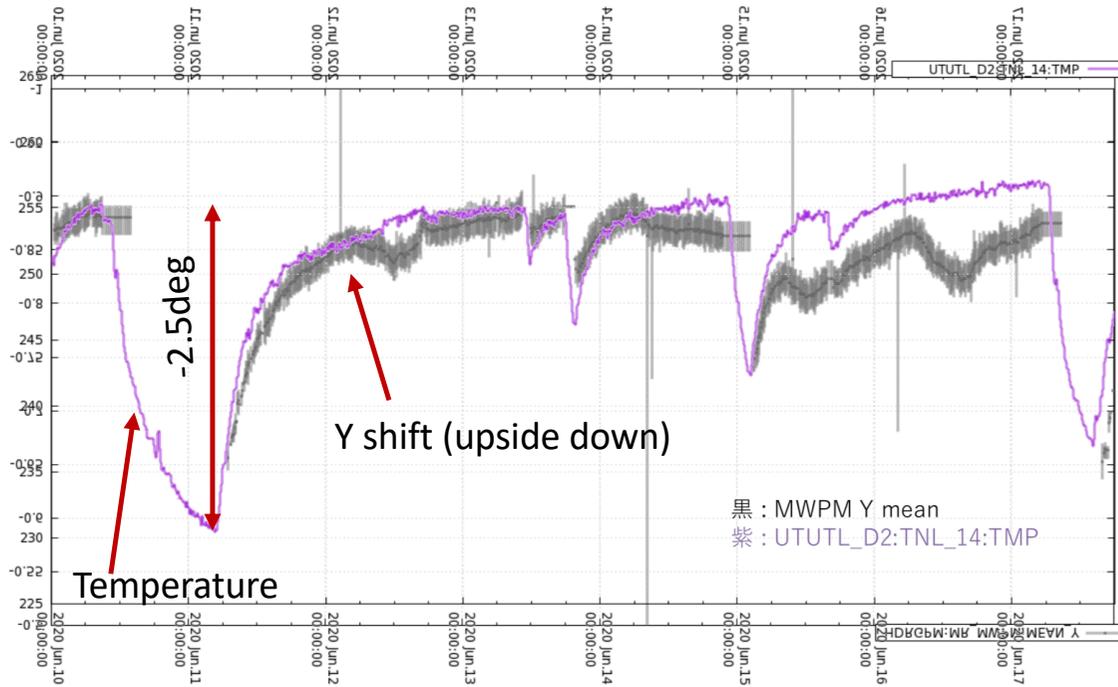


The Y drift could affect A-line targeting and B-line beam intensity.



```
run= 85 shot= 139180
Print[" time= ",wholetime];
time= 2020-06-10_08.59.20.791
.....

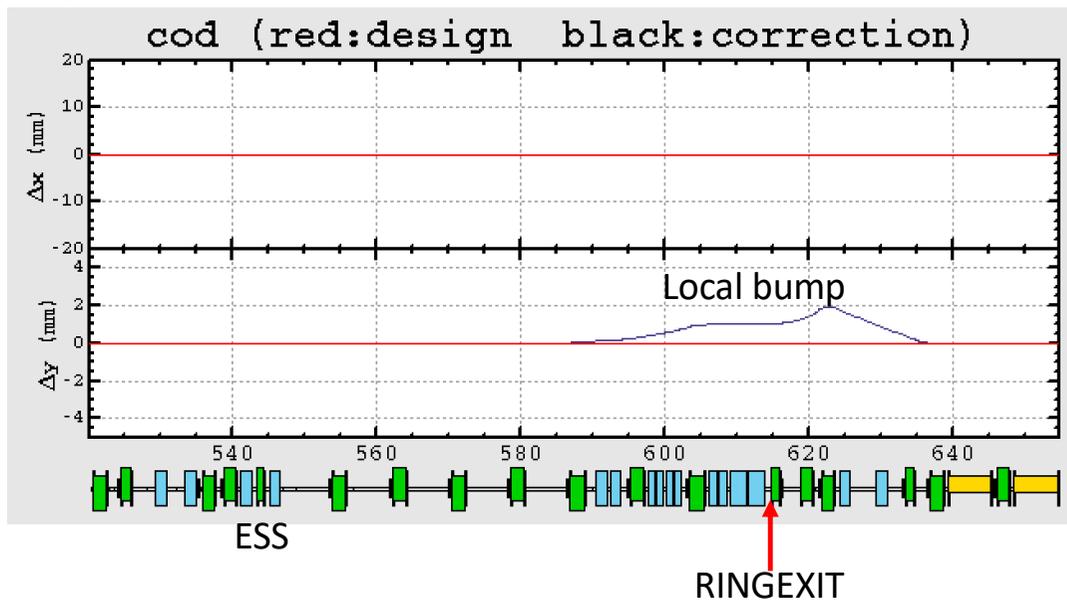
run= 85 shot= 139260
Print[" time= ",wholetime];
time= 2020-06-11_08.51.41.191
```



The Y drift correlates with MR tunnel temperature.

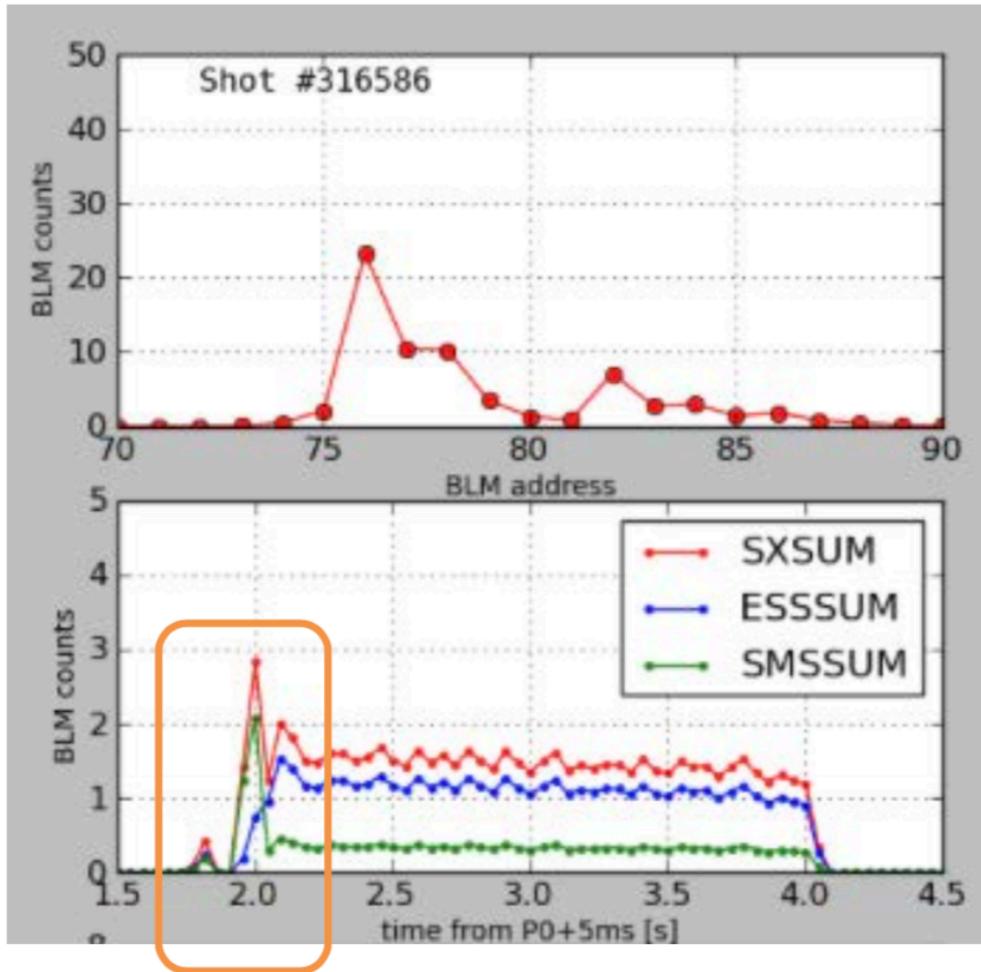
The reason is unknown.

The drift could be corrected by exciting 4-vertical steering magnets around MR exit (DY=+1mm DPY=0mrad @RINGEXIT extreme case)



Before Search dK0[rad]	
ZSV31_72	0.000000
ZSV32_74	0.000000
ZSV33_77	0.000000
ZSV34_79	0.000000
ZSV35_81	-0.000035
ZSV36_83	-0.000065
ZSV37_86	0.000077
ZSV38_88	-0.000115
ZSV39_90	0.000000

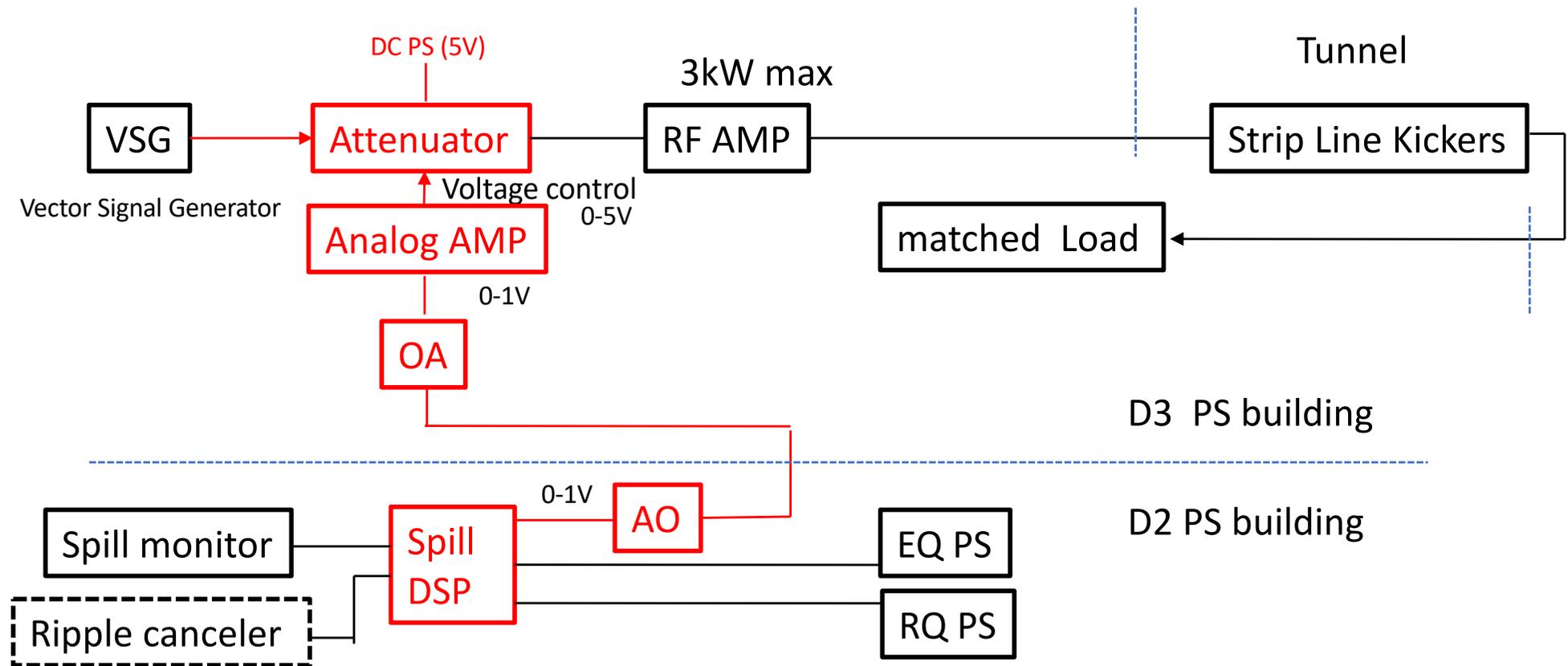
60 kW SX Demonstration



extraction eff. 99.38%
spill duty 61.5%
spill length 1.92s
(global offset 70deg)

Beam loss before and at the begin of the extraction will be reduced by tuning of horizontal betatron tune and chromaticity.

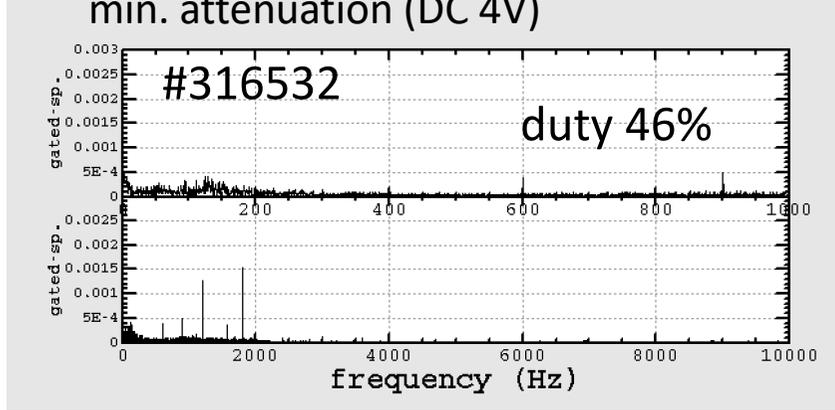
Time Response Measurement for Future TRF feedback



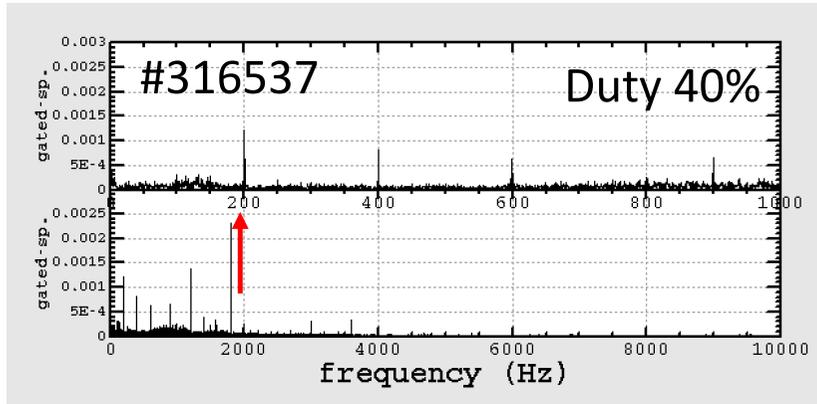
Spill monitor signal: for spill feedback
 Ripple canceler signal : for spill feed-forward
 Vector Signal Generator: for spill feed-forward
 Attenuator: for spill feedback
 TRF can be applied for both feedback and feed-forward

Beam Spill FFTs

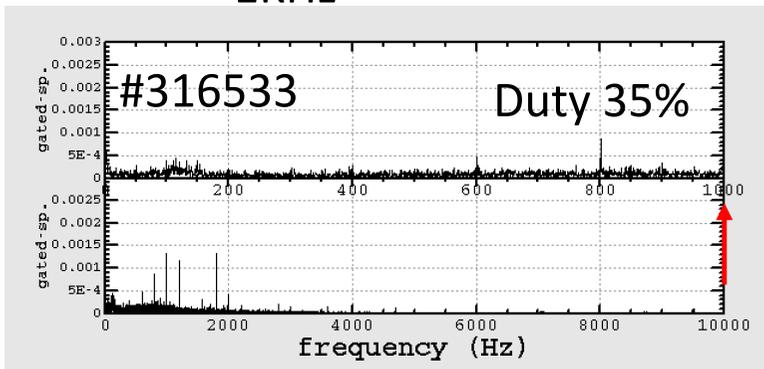
TRF Response Setup System check for sinusoidal attenuation
min. attenuation (DC 4V)



200 Hz

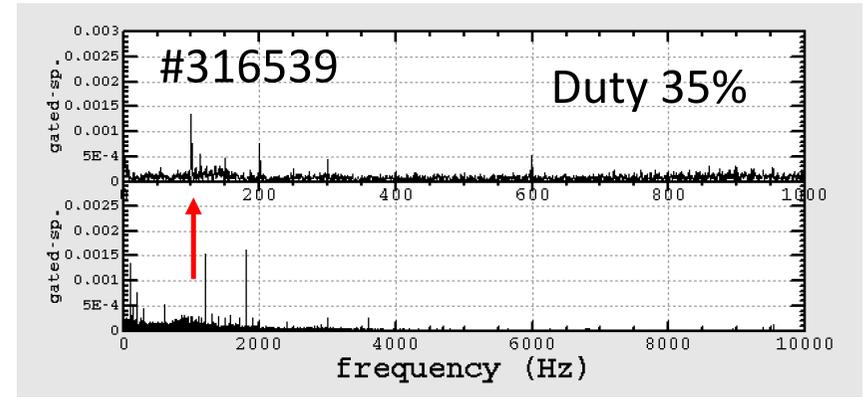


1KHz

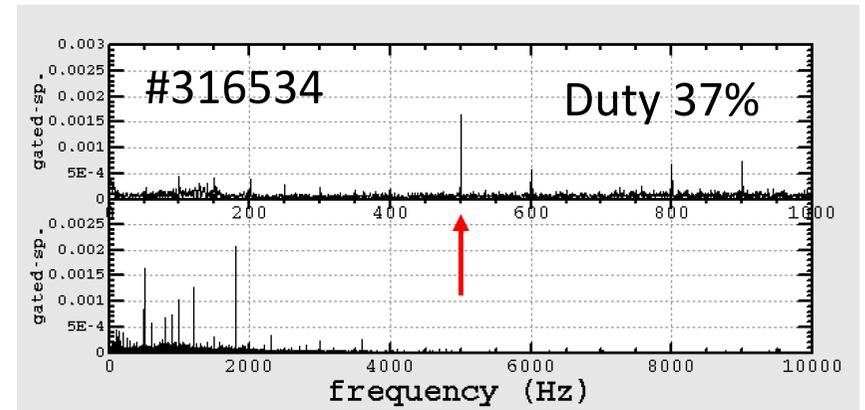


1KHz peak ?

100 Hz



500 Hz

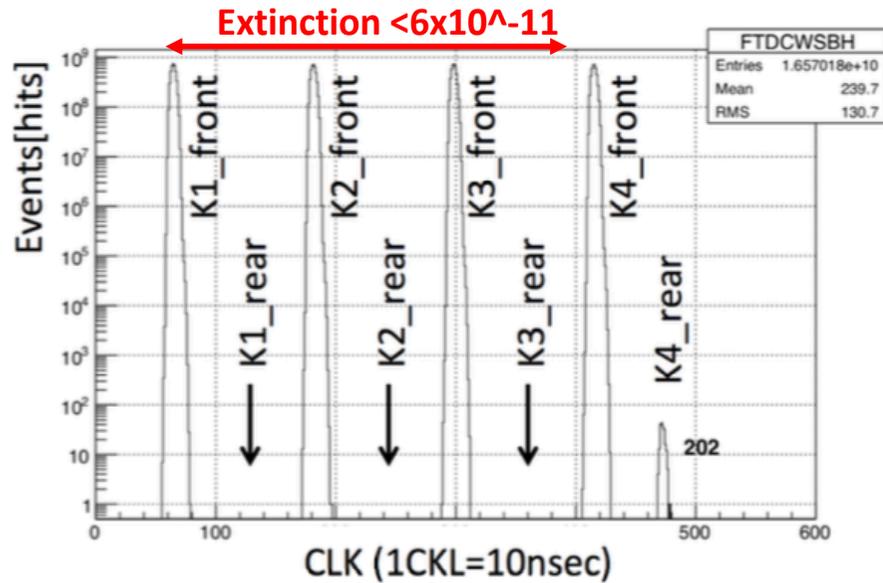


500Hz peak seen

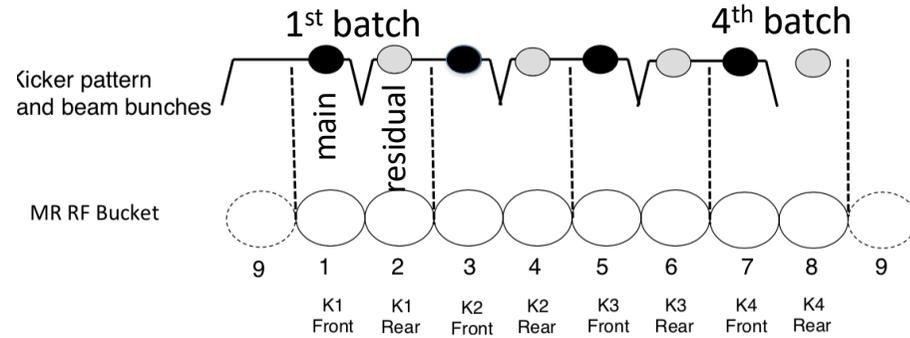
TRF FB time response > 500Hz

Extinction

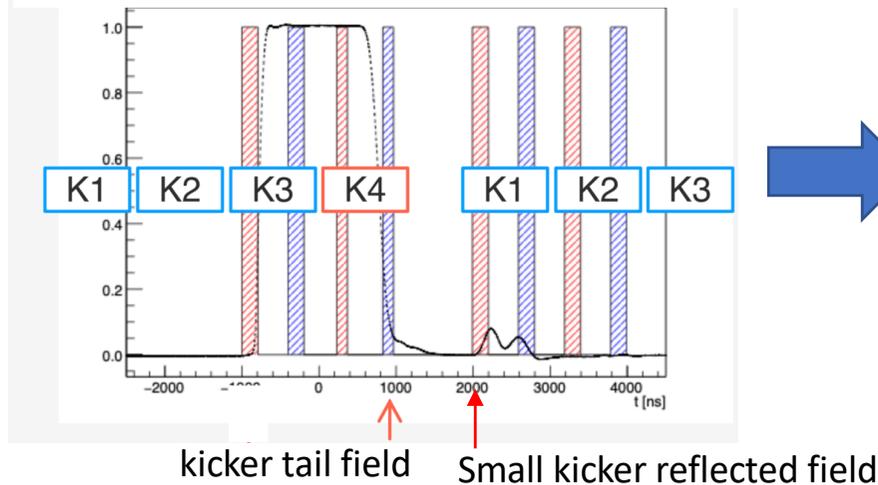
Measured 8 GeV Slow-extracted beam time structure



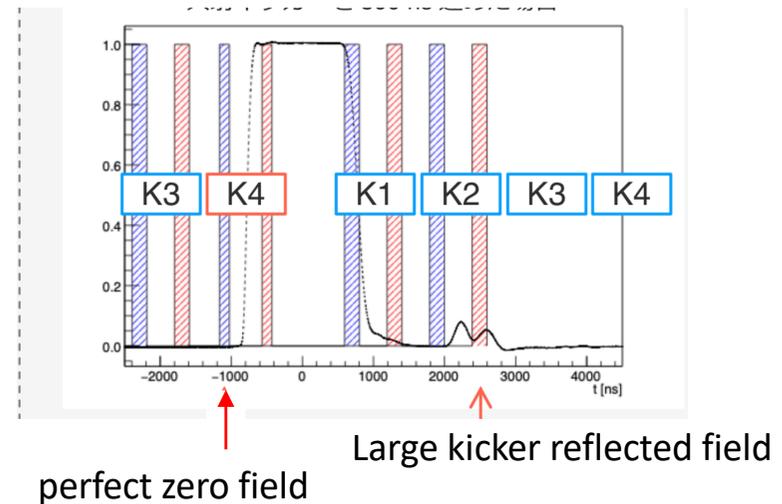
Empty buckets by a chopper (residual rate 10^{-6} level)
The residual beam is killed by a MR kicker timing shift (Front bunch Injection)



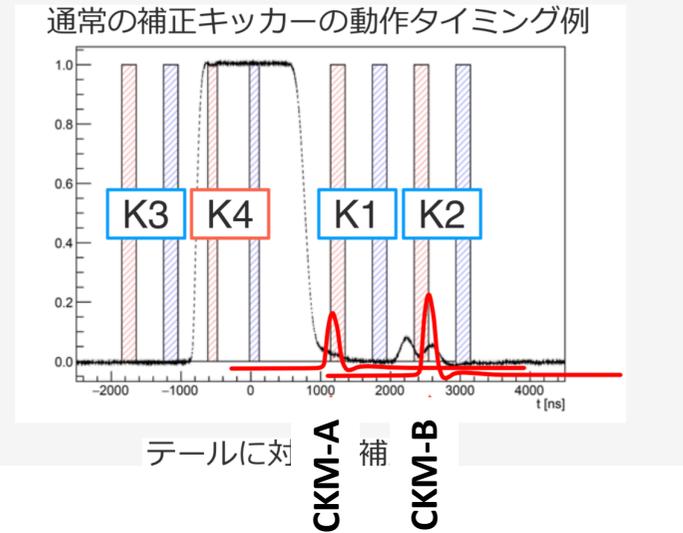
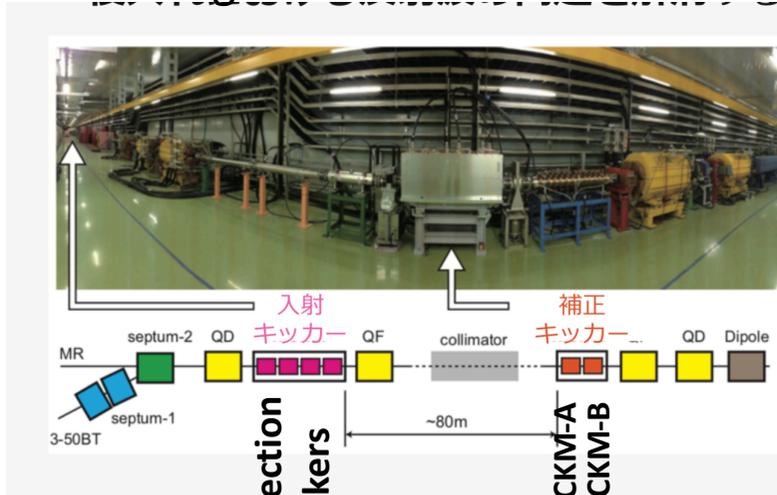
Front bunch Injection (-600 ns shift)
Red: main beam, Blue: residual beam



Rear bunch Injection (800 ns shift)
Red: main beam, Blue: residual beam

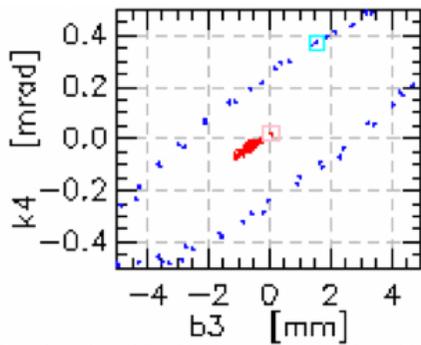


Demonstration of Injection error correction for normal Injection Scheme using correction kicker A and B (CKM-A, CKM-B)



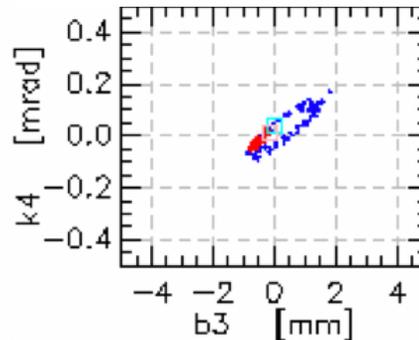
turn by turn plot

w/o correction kicker



C-KM B

w/ correction kicker

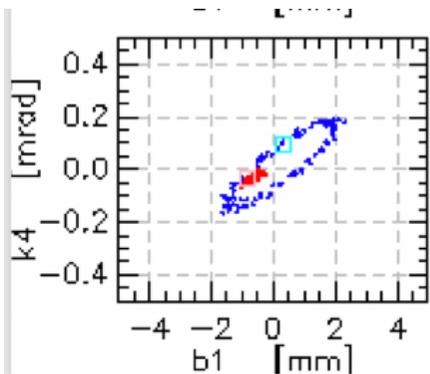


30GeV SX:

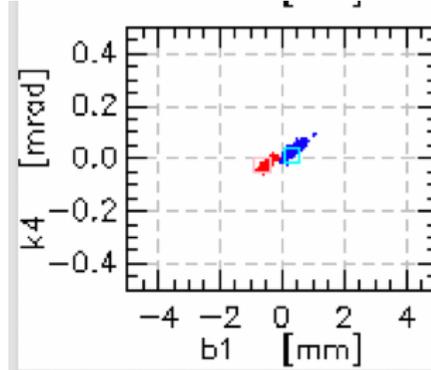
CKMs fired at 2 turn

before injection kicker timing
 (phase advance 13.8deg
 @Qx=22.308)

30 GeV (通常の運転)		8 GeV (COMET実験用)	
運転種別	遅い取り出し	運転種別	遅い取り出し
チューン Qx	22.308	チューン Qx	22.32
既存の設定			
入射後補正 [2n rad] [deg] Phase 極性		入射後補正 [2n rad] [deg] Phase 極性	
+0 turn 0.8856 118.8 -41.2 IN		+0 turn 0.8892 320.1 -39.9 IN	
+1 turn 23.1936 69.7 69.7 IN		+1 turn 23.2092 75.3 75.3 IN	
+2 turn 45.5016 180.6 0.6 OUT		+2 turn 45.5292 190.5 10.5 OUT	
+3 turn 67.8096 291.5 -68.5 IN		+3 turn 67.8492 305.7 -54.3 IN	
+4 turn 90.1176 42.3 42.3 IN		+4 turn 90.1692 60.9 60.9 IN	
+5 turn 112.4256 153.2 -26.8 OUT		+5 turn 112.4892 176.1 -3.9 OUT	
入射前補正 [2n rad] [deg] Phase 極性		入射前補正 [2n rad] [deg] Phase 極性	
-0 turn 21.4224 152.1 -27.9 OUT		-0 turn 21.4308 155.1 -24.9 OUT	
-1 turn 43.7304 262.9 82.9 OUT		-1 turn 43.7508 270.3 -89.7 IN	
-2 turn 66.0384 13.8 13.8 IN		-2 turn 66.0708 25.5 25.5 IN	
-3 turn 88.3464 124.7 -55.3 OUT		-3 turn 88.3908 140.7 -39.3 OUT	
-4 turn 110.6544 235.6 55.6 OUT		-4 turn 110.7108 255.9 75.9 OUT	
-5 turn 132.9624 346.5 -13.5 IN		-5 turn 133.0308 11.1 11.1 IN	



C-KM A



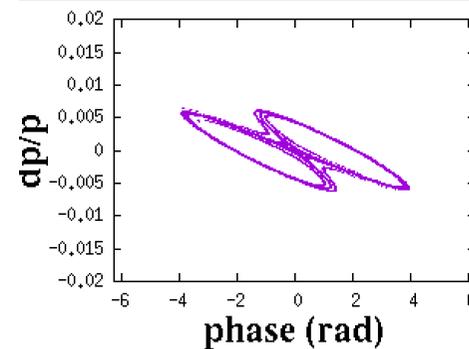
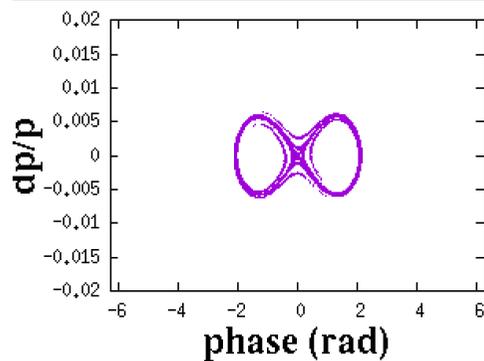
COMET-I:

CKMs will fire at 2 turn

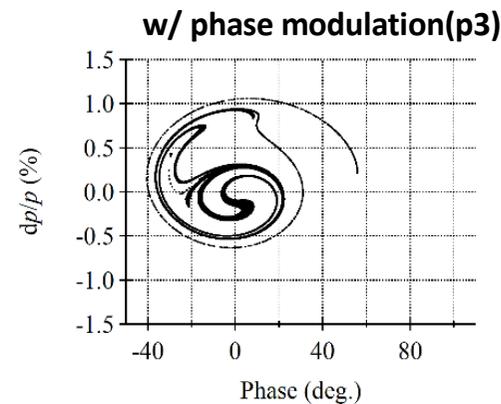
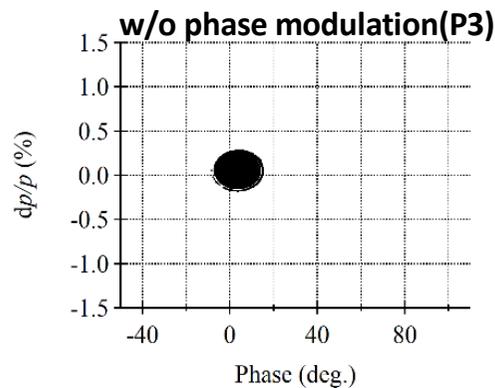
after injection kicker timing
 (phase advance 10.5deg
 @Qx=22.32)

Further Mitigations of debunch Instability in the next RUN

0. RF Phase offset injection tuning
1. Vertical TRF during debunch (Preliminary)
2. RF Phase offset injection + w/ second harmonic RF @ top -> debunch
3. RF Phase offset injection + fundamental RF with phase modulation in ACC. -> debunch
4. Slippage change by optics change
(option: Phase offset injection -> dp/p offset and second h. injection)

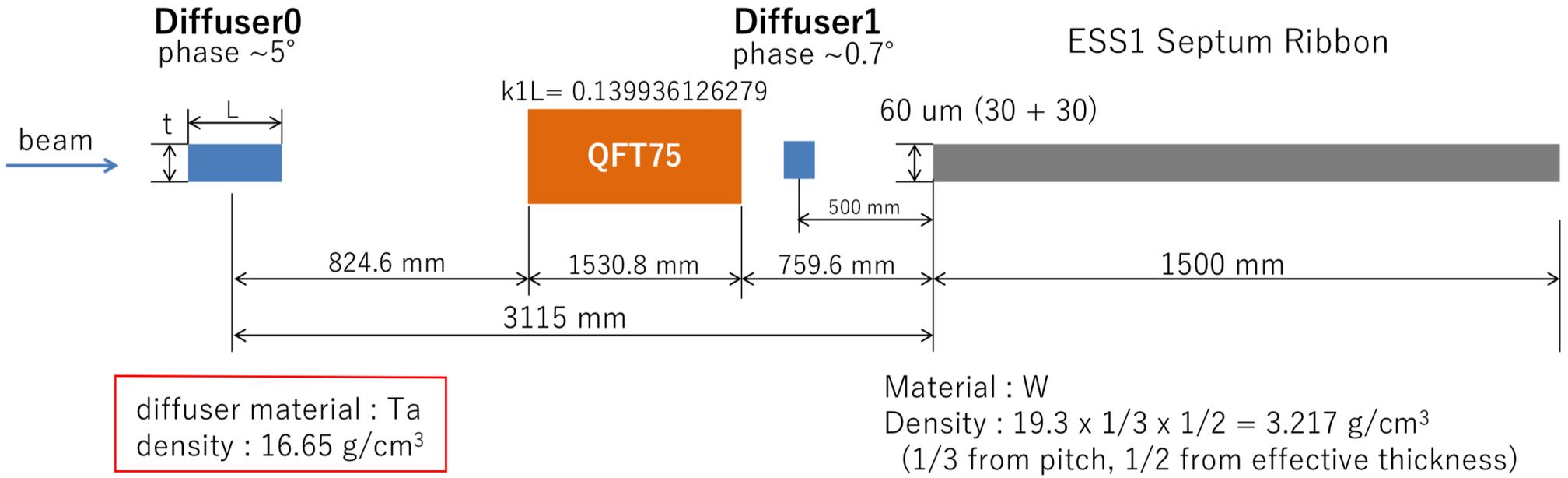


Y. Sugiyama



Y. Morita

Two Diffusers



Predictions by FLUKA (R. Muto)

2020.11.12

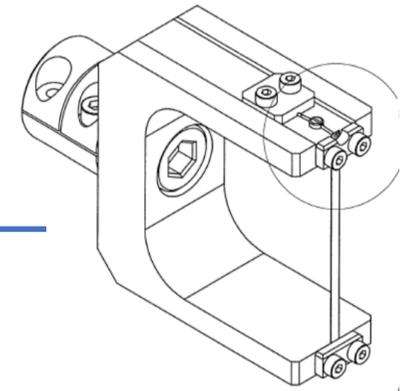
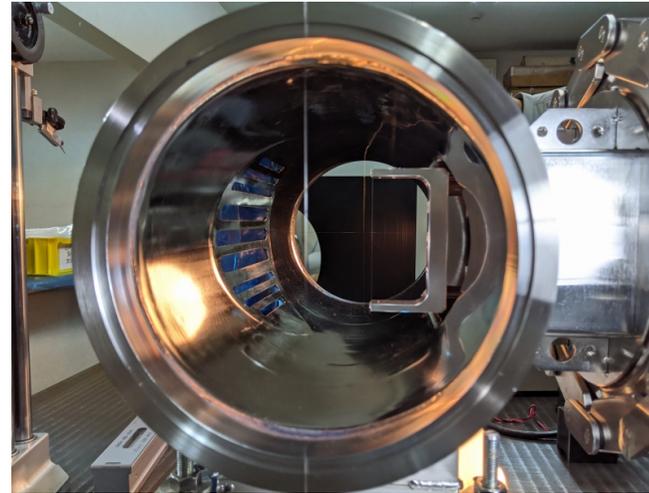
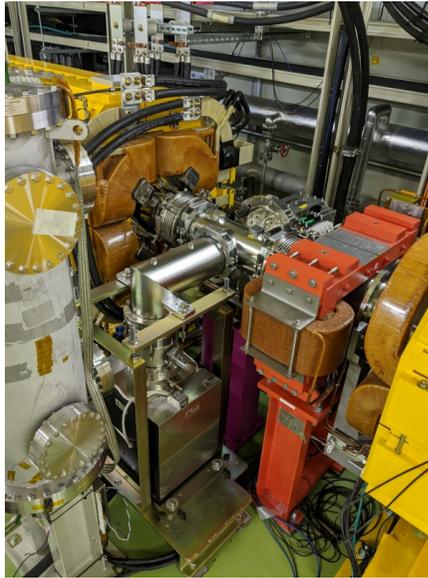
	diff t [μm]	diff0 L [mm]	diff1 t [μm]	diff1 L [mm]	beam loss
diff0 only	200	0.5	-	-	0.42
diff1 only	-	-	100	2	0.47
diff0 and 1	200	0.5	100	2	0.35

1.0 is ordinary SX

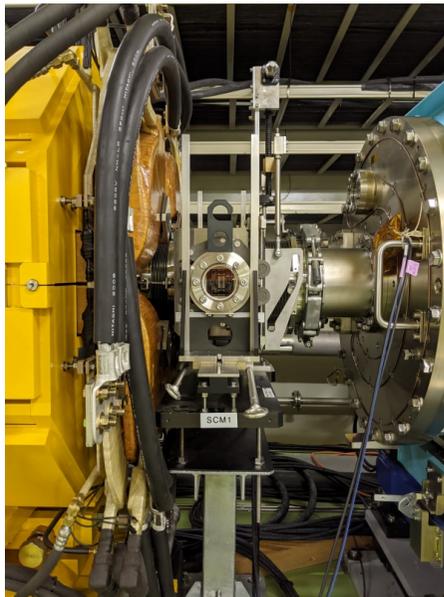
Two Diffusers Installation (Oct. 2020)

Diffuser0 t 0.2mm L:0.5mm tantalum

The vessel and mover are new



Diffuser1 t 0.1mm L:2mm tantalum
The vessel and mover for a screen monitor are reused



Next Slow Extraction Plans

◎ 30GeV SX Schedule

- Dec. 10 → Dec. 22, 2020 30 GeV SX
year-end , new year: beam stop
- Jan. 12 → Feb. 3, 2021 30 GeV SX

◎ 30GeV Operation Topics

- Suppressing debunch instability、 Spill spike in B Line 、 V-position drift
- Beam power 50kW -> 60 kW
- Diffuser, TRF FB and ripple canceler tests in the last 16 hours

◎ 8 GeV SX test for COMET

Feb. 4 → Feb. 10

- 10^{-11} extinction in all K1 to K4
- Reducing beam loss at ESS2